HOUSE DEBATES NEW TAX LAW FOR

on Finance. Chairman Weaver moved of tax 25 cents, instead of 10

Jordan offered as a substitute for the whole a bill approved by Governor-Elect Stuart, providing for the segregation of the tax to the Stato alone, fixing the rate at 25 cents, and providing for its collection at its source through the banks, the banks to pay the total amount of tax on de-posits, and charge the same pro rata o individual depositors.

Wants Vote Reconsidered.

White, who had been preparing which the emergency clause as stricken from the bill, moved to econsider that vote. If passed withuch a clause, he contended, the all be laid over to be considered ther bills on the subject of tax Mr. White explained that the posed the first step the State ten in segregation of taxes, ole idea of segregation, he said, ountles and cities the right to hem nothing in return. Even on the porting of money on deposit, its pasage, he said, would reduce the an-\$25,000, and of the other counties and cities about \$200,000, without giving them anything in return.

For Emergency Act.

While it would be preferable," said White, "to have this subject conidered with others in connection with emergency act to give relief to avoid this 'panic' that has been manufactured for the purpose, and that mes shining from the factory. We not justice for the widows and rphans who are now paying from 1.10 to \$1.75 on flduciary accounts in but I am opposed to a nominal "The only reason to ask the counties The only reason to ask the counties and cities to give up their part in this income, without giving them anything in return, is that there is an emergency confronting the State, and yet the patron of this bill has had the emergency clause stricken from it. The people are entitled to a law that will be the people are the people are entitled to a law that will be the people are the people are the people are the people are the people a put money holders on equality with property owners who pay taxes based on an assessment of one-third of the actual valuation, and they want that law to become effective before Feb-

"I am opposed to the motion to re-nsider," said Chairman Weaver. "He knows he is not in sympathy with the purpose of this legislation. I know owing to a certain influence which I will not name on the floor of this House, it will now be impossible for this measure to secure the four-fifths vote, which will enable it to go through as an emergency measure. I want to place that responsibility where it belongs. His metion to recognizer and His motion to reconsider and place an emergency clause in this bill is simply to defeat this legislation." "If it is not passed with an emer-rejected, ency feature, of what use is it?" asked The ne

We will show the people that Virginia has adopted a new policy," answered Mr. Weaver. "We will say to capital come in and develop our resources, and not drive it out."

"Haven't four-fifths of the arguurgently necessary to get this law on the books before February 1? If it is not an emergency matter, why single out this single subject of taxation for a special act, when we expect to make a general plan of equalization of the itax burden at a special session in the fall? If this does not take effect before February 1 of this does not take effect before itax burden be in plenty of the interest of expediting plan covering this and other forms of taxation be in plenty of the interest of expediting plan covering this and other forms of taxation be in plenty of the interest of expediting plan in the said, had been adopted by the Marylan covering this and other forms of taxation be in plenty of the control of the Rules.

"In my opinion, it is not a question of taxation, but of sound business policy," answered Mr. Wenver.

Intimidation, Saya Jordan.

"The advocates of this bill," said Mr

The advocates of this bill," said Mr

The advocates of this bill," said Mr

The advocates of this bill," said Mr urgently necessary to get this law on the books before February 1? If it is sufficient to the calendar."

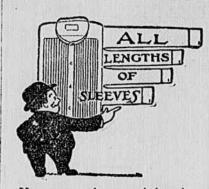
"The advocates of this bill," said Mr Jordan, "came before the House Committee on Finance and tried to intimidate on Finance and tried to intimidate us with threats of panies. They tried to make the chills run up and down our backs with pictures of discussed all over the State as an electron of committee in that tend to delay business, and none calculated to expedite it. It is well known that lobbyists attend committee the committee on Killing and delaying legislation. They have admitted it to me in person. It is my object in offering these rules to minimize the control of committees of such master of such master of such master of such master or employer, and it may be evide the order of such master or employer, and it is my object in offering these rules to minimize the control of committees of such master or employer. The Bankers Asruary 1. I, for one, don't propose to ruary 1. It has been agreed that no committee or chairman of this act, any person who has violated the same.

Hy Messrs. Horner, Harrison, Lewis and Coaster A bill to prevent violation of containing the ruary 1. In the ruary 1. It has been agreed that no committee has a right to hold up same.

Hy Messrs. Horner, Harrison, Lewis and Coaster A bill to prevent violation of containing the ruary 1. In the ruary 1. I

Mr. Stephenson moved to adjourn, and, with the understanding that Mr. Jordan has the floor to complete his remarks, the House adjourned by a skeptically upon the "new fandagoes"

Paragraphs on the Wonderful BANK DEPOSITS BERRY SALE



You surrender no rights in requiring a perfect fit when you buy from this Great Sale of

All sleeve lengths.

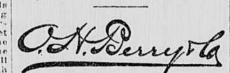
All sizes of neck. All the comforts for the big man as well as the man of med-

50 dozen brand new Manhattan and Berry Shirts just added to the

\$1.50 and \$1.75 \$1.15 \$2.00 and \$2.25 \$1.45 Shirts, at \$1.45 \$3.00 and \$3.50 **\$2.45** Shirts, at

"It's astonishing, the style and appearance of your \$1.85 Hats!" -hundreds of men have told us. You'll be equally as much im-

pressed yourself. Hats-Soft and Stiff-worth \$3.50 and \$4.00, at \$1.85



vote of 49 to 31, the forces supporting the Weaver bill making ineffectual efforts to persuade hungry members to stay and fight the matter out at once.

of the committee and not reported, shall, at the request of the patron, be

sociation sent an intelligent man all over the State to stir this thing up. How many telegrams have poured in to influence this legislation? I know of one man who has received fortyseven letters and more telegrams than utterances, he said, contained recom-he can count."

that appear to be in favor at many State Legislatures and even in Con-gress. It was unwise, he thought, to deprive bills of consideration by committee, by limiting the time in which committees shall consider new legislation. To permit patrons to place their bills on the calendar if after four successive meetings of the committee they remain unreported would result, he said, in dumping upon the Senate a mass of undigested measures and lay the State open to serious danger.

Declared Unconstitutional. Senator Walker and Senator Tavenner interposed the constitutional pro-vision, which lays down the rule that no committee shall be discharged from the consideration of any bill except by a two-fifths vote of the members elected to the body. The change pro-posed by the Senator from Caroline, they held, would be unconstitutional.
Objection was raised against the amendment compolling all committee meetings to be public. It was re-garded as essential that the committee retain its right at any time to go into executive session for a free discussion of the merits of a measure, without the deterring influence of a crowd of interested persons.

In an effort to secure the passage of his resolution in a modified form. Senator Gravatt offered to amend the first requirement by giving the com-mittee the right to call an executive session upon a recorded vote. The amendment found considerable favor,

with the added statement that it was unconstitutional. Senator Saxon W. To t

situation and report a plan of reform. 1812 The Senate was convened at the

noon hour by Lieutenant-Governor J. Taylor Ellyson, and was opened with prayer by Rev. T. Clagett Skinner, D. D., pastor of the Second Baptist D., pastor of the Second Baptist Church. The body adjourned at 2 o'clock until 12 o'clock to-day.

Bills Advanced.
The following bills were advanced

partie: A bill to prevent violation of con-ract between landlord and tenant, and to-revent third partles procuring such viola-

To the Committee on Finance: By Mr. Brewer: A bill to create a commis-tion to consider the compensation of court criss, examiners of records, treasurers, com-ussioners of the revenue, sheriffs, high con-tables and city sergeants, and until action pon the report of said commission to fix the aximum amount of the compensation of aid officers.

aid officers.

By Mr. White: A bill to amend and re-en-et section 1507 of the Code of Virginia as To Committee on Insurance and Banking:

To Committee on Insurance and Banking:
By Mr. Kent: A bill to amend and re-ennet section 1162a of an act entitled an act to
amend and re-enact sections 1164, 1163, 1163
and 1170 and 1171 of the Code of Virginia,
and to add an independent section thereto,
so as to provide for the examination of
banks and other similar highlitions in this
State, and to make certain general provisions and for the conduct of the business
of banking, and to provide penalties for the
violation of the provisions hereof, approved
March 17, 1919. larch 17, 1919. By Mr. Kent: A bill to amend and re-enact

section flood of an act entitled an act nading new sections to the Code or Virginia, providing for the regulation of State banks, and fixing certain penalties for the violation thereof, approved March 11, 1912.

To the Committee on Asylums and Prisons:
By Mr. Weaver of Warran.

To the Committee on Asylums and Prisons:
By Mr. Weaver, of Wairen: A bill providing for the marking of all prison-inade goods
manufactured or sold in Virgana.
To the Committee on Special, Private and
Local Legislation:
By Messas Pitts and Page: A bill to authorize Albemarie County to borrow and issue bends for a sum not exceeding 12,900, to
refund the bonds issued under the act. thorize Albemarie County to borrow and issue bonds for a sum not exceeding \$29,99, to refund the bondy issued under the act.

By Mr. Houston: A bill to smead and reenact section 7 of the charter of the former town, now city, of Hampton, entitled an act to incorporate the town of Hampton. In Elizabeth City County, Va., approved May 23, 1887, in relation to taxation.

By Messrs, Pitts and Page: A bill to authorize Albemarie County from time to fine, as necessary, to borrow money and issue bonds for a sum not exceeding \$49,669, for the purpose of uniting in the building in the County of Albemarie of State money aid or convict labor plan roads, as well as roads where private individuals contribute one-half the cost thereof, and to assist in securing dadergrade crossing under the tracks of the Chenapeaks and Ohio Railway Company, respectively, in the County of Albemarie.

By Mr. Johnson: A bill to prohibit fishing in the rivers and creeks of Scott County with selnes mere than sixteen feet in length. By Mr. Rew: A bill jo authorize and require the Auditor of Public Accounts to pay



mittee upon the requirement by providing that only that soll second requirement by providing that only the committees. In this form the rule was adopted by a vote of 21 to 12.

Rejects Second Rule.

Senator Gravatt offered to amend his second requirement by providing that a bill shall be recalled from the committee upon the request of the patron. Both the original rule and the amendment were rejected.

A joint resolution was reported from the House and adopted, recommending to the Congress of the United States the selection of Norfolk for the location of the new \$2,000,000 dry dock planned by the Navy Department. The resolution sets forth that Secretary of the Navy Daniels has expressed his preference for the Virginia port, and colleges to the Committee on Privileges and the Committee on Privileges and Elections. The same committee considered the Jordan bill of the last session, and reported it with the recommendation that it do not pass, and with the added statement that it was the committee with the added statement that it was the committee with the added statement that it was the committee on Appropriations:

By Mr. Meaningue, ability to establish a commission to study the educational system of the school the State same and Colleges and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and the first states and countries, and to recommend to the General Assembly a revision of the school the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to suggest such amendments to the Constitution of the State same and to sugges

with the added statement that it was unconstitutional. Senator Saxon W. Holt of Newport Nows, is the committee's chairman.

Resolution From Chamber.

A communication was reported from the secretary of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce, transmitting resolutions adopted by the resolutions committee of that body, recommending to the General Assembly the appointment of a commission to investigate the tax situation and report a plan of reform.

To the Committee for Courts of Justice: By Mr. Baker: A bill making it a misde-meanor for any person to cause or encourage any child under the age of eighteen years to commit any act of delinquency, to send a child under eighteen to certain places, or in any way to contribute to or cause a child un-der eighteen to be guilty of victous or im-moral conduct, and providing punishment therefor.

THE SENATE

The Senate devoted half of a twoshour session yesterday to an unfruitful dobate on a resolution carrying important changes to the Senate rules,
introduced on the first day of the sesislon by Senator Gravatt, and reported
yesterday by the Rules Committee
yesterday by the Rules Committee
yesterday by the Rules Committee
with the recommendation that it be
rejected.

The provisions of the Gravatt resolution follow:

"All committee meetings shall be
held in public, and a recorded vote of
members on each measure shall be recorded and reported on the bill.

"A bill, after being in the hands of
a committee for four regular meetings
of the committee and not reported,
shall, after being in the hands of
a committee and not reported,
shall, after being in the hands of
a committee and not reported,
shall, after being in the residents of
the committee and not reported,
shall, after provision of the gravate resoline and required to their second readfrom their first to their second readings:

Senate joint resolution, indersing

Federal ald for post roads. Patron,

Senate by the
elimination of certain technicalities
tration of justice in this State by the
elimination of certain technicalities
shall selection for for december 31, 1993.

By Mr. Mailes A bill to Code of Virginia.

By Mr. Mills and conduct, and providing unitsmented
therefor.

By Mr. Mills and conduct, and providing unitsme

Assembly of Virginia, approved March 14, 1919, entitled an act to define dentistry, to regulate the practice of the same, and to provide penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act.

By Mr. Winston: A bill requiring sheriffs and sergeants to keep a record of persons confined in fail; stating what said record

By Mr. Winston: A bill requiring sheriffs and sergeants to keep a record of persons confined in jail; stating what said record shall contain; requiring reports to be made to the State Board of Charitles and Corrections; prescribing penalties.

By Mr. Myers (by request): A bill to regulate the occupation of barbering; to create a board of examiners for the Lucasing of persons to carry on such practice; to insure the better education of such practitioners; to provide rules regulating the proper sanitation of barbershops, schools and colleges; preventing the spreading of contagious and infactious diseases, thereby insuring to the general public cleaner and better service.

Senate Bills

By Mr. Cannon: A bill to provide for a revision of the statutes of the Commoneaith Refered to the Committee for Courts Justice. By Mr. Catron: A bill to prohibit treating

In Mistice.

By Mr. Catron: A bill to prohibit treating in saloons; to fix the penalty therefor, and to define the word treating. Referred to the Committee on General Laws.

By Mr. Catron: A bill prohibiting the direction of verdicts, to what cases applicable, allowing the presiding judge in case of a disagreement by one juror to vote. Referred to the Committee for Courts of Justice.

By Mr. Catron: A bill to make any person in incompetent juror to serve at more than two terms of any court during any one calendar year. Referred to the Committee for Courts of Justice.

By Mr. Catron: A bill to provide for the indexing of marginal releases when payment or satisfaction is made of a debt secured by mortgage, deed of trust, vendors' or inechanics' lien, and such payment or satisfaction is entered on the margin of the book where such encumbrance is recorded. Referred to the Committee for Courts of Justice.

By Mr. Mapp: A bill for the relief of oyster planters whose cysters are unmarketable by reason of the affection commonly known as 'Freen gill.' Referred to the Committee on Fish and Game.

By Mr. Mapp: A bill to authorize and require the Auditor of Public Accounts to pay to the Commissioner of Fisherles the fines of 1990 each imposed by the Circuit Court of the County of Accounce upon Edward A. George and John R. Middleton, which were improperly paid over to said Auditor and by him carried into the Regard And Referred to the Committee on Finance.

prevent, violation of contract between carried into the literary fund. Referred to the Committee on Pinance.

By Mr. Mamp: A bill to aboleh county and the Committee on Pinance.

A bill increasing the salary of State for example of the special property to the ears and maintenance of the poor. It is and ective to the carried in the salary of the series of a chief to the carried in the salary of the series of the poor. It is and ective to the carried in the salary of the series of the poor and care for the same; providing for the sapenjament of the county and control of the salary of th

By Mr. Paul: A bill to amend and re-en-ict rection 106 of the Code of Virginia. Re-erred to the Committee for Courts of Jus-

tice.

By Messrs. Watkins and Mapp: A bill to repeal an act of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved Marca 17, *ste, entitled an act to constitute a United Agricultural Board. Referred to the Committee on Public Institutions and Education.

By Mr. Smith: A bill to establish a State Board of Forestry, prescribing its duties, and for conserving the forest and water supply of this State; appropriating money therefor, its ferred to the Committee on Finance.

Here and There in the Legislature

A bill introduced yesterday by Senator Smith, of Clarke, provides for the creation of a State Board of Forestry, to consist of the Governor, the Commissioner of Agriculture and three persons to be appointed by the Governor. or, with the advice and consent of the

nor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The board thus created is to appoint a State forester, who is required to be a graduate of a school of forestry, and must possess both a practical and theoretical knowledge of forestry. The members of the board, it is provided, shall serve without pay.

The bill authorizes the board to purchase lands in the name of the State, at a price not to exceed \$10 an acre, using for such purpose any surplus money not otherwise appropriated which may be outstanding to the credit of the forest reserve fund, for the purpose of preserving the living and growing timber.

Provision is made for the acceptance by the board of gifts of land or meney. It is charged with the duty of ascertaining the best methods, as well as the cost, of improving streams and navigable rivers in the Commonwealth, of preventing their pollution, of conserving the water supply, and of the utilization of the water supply for the production of power.

It is the purpose of the bill to create a board to work in conjunction with the United States Bureau of Forestry.

Every teacher in the public schools

able by a fine of not less than 19 prints more than \$25.

Repeal of the bill creating the United Agricultural Board is proposed in the agricultural Board is proposed in the agricultural agencies of the State, and for two forms he has fought in its designation for bringing into harmony the agricultural agencies of the State, and for two forms he has fought in its designation for the state agencies of the State, and for two forms he has fought in its designation for the state agencies work in more than half of the counties of Virginia Mr. Adams, patron work in more than half of the counties of two forms are proposed farm demonstration work in their present of the State authorizes boards of supervisors to appropriate county funds for demonstration work in their own counties, in cooperation with the State agencies, and provides for the conditions.

A similar bill was referred to the State The bill was referred in the State The bill was referred in the State Fig. The bill was referred in the State Fig. The bill was referred in the state of tax on money and bank deposit bill proposed by Mr. Jordan, which embodied these views each of the Round of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties as providing for including the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties and proper the plan is said to have the sanction of all parties and provides for the conditions.

A bill was offered by Mr. Montague yearerday to establish a commission to the first the first the plan is said to have the sanction of the sanction of the sound the plan is said to have the sanction of the plan is and

A bill was offered by Mr. Montague yesterday to establish a commission to study educational conditions in Virginia, and to recommend to the General Assembly a revision of the school laws and to suggest such amendment to the Constitution as may be necessary to provide an adequate system of public education.

or inert composition, nonignitable on an abrasive surface. It regulates the manner in which matches shall be han-dled by warehouses and stores, and lays down other restrictions in the interest of limiting the fire hazard.

Senator West's fee bill will be given a special hearing by the Senate Finance Committee at 10 o'clock in the morning of February 3. The measure provides a maximum compensation scale for all fee officers, based on the population of the cities and towns in which the offices are located.

The Senate Finance Committee reported with its approval yesterday the following bills:

Appropriating the sum of \$10,000 from the treasury of Virginia for the fiscal years 1914 and 1915 in aid of the Home for Needy Confederate Women in this city.

Appropriating \$8,000 to enable the Hollywood Memorial Association to secure a contract with the Hollywood Cometery Company binding that company to keep in "perpetual care" the graves of the Confederate dead in the soldiers' section of the cemetery.

Appropriating certain sums of money to duly organize Confederate memorial associations in this State, to be expended by them in caring for the graves of Confederate soldiers and sailors.

Covering into the State treasury cer-

sallors.

Covering into the State treasury certain moneys now in the hands of A. W. Harman, Jr., Treasurer of the Commonwealth, derived from fees paid in by candidates for nominations in primary elections.

The Senate Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation voted yesterday afternoon to report without amendments the bill introduced by Senators Lesner and Fletcher amending the present law authorizing the issuing of local bonds for highway improvement, so as to prohibit the holding of an election on the question of issuing bonds until after the court has been assured by the State Highway Commissioner that the amount of bonds proposed to be issued will be approximately sufficient to improve the roads set out in the order.

Delegate S. P. Powell, of Spotsylvania and Fredericksburg, asked yesterday to be recorded in the House of Delegates as voting for the enabling act. He stated that the recording clerk has confused his name with that of Delegate D. B. Powers, of Caroline, who also voted for the bill.

On the plea of Chairman Brewer, of the Appropriations Committee, that the bill provides for payment of their own salaries, the House of Delegates yesterday dispensed with the constitutional readings of a bill to provide for the payment of the contingent and incidental expenses of this session of the General Assembly, and the bill was put on its passage and passed. The act takes effect from its passage. For contingent items the bill sets apart \$17,000, one-half to be expended by the Senate and one-half by the House.

House bill No. 3, requiring applications for State money ald for road work to be made before January 1 of each year, instead of before March 1, so as to allow the State Highway Commissioner opportunity to plan construction work in the winter months, and be ready for active work in the spring, was advanced to its third reading in the House yesterday without objection, as was House bill No. 5, amending the method of local assessment for public improvements, by providing for publication of notices to property owners in some paper of general circulation.

Every teacher in the public schools of the State is required, under the terms of a bill introduced yesterday by Senator Holt, of Newport News, to devote at least thirty minutes each month of the school year to instructing pupils in the best way to avoid accidents.

Selection of Bill.

The appointment of a commission to revise and codify the statute laws of Virginia into a new Code, to be published by the State as the Code of loss of l

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lard, of Richmond, now the Attorney ter headings and the section numbers of the old Code.

Mr. Pollard's work is the standard used by all lawyers to-day, and has been highly praised by attorneys practleing in the Supreme Court, and others, as a remarkable work considering the handleap under which it was prepared. Want Thorough Recodification.

No matter which new bill may be recommended, it will be provided that a commission be named to give the whole time of the members for the next two years to the work, to make a thorough revision and recodification of the statute law believes the whole a thorough revision and recodification of the statute law, bringing the whole down to date, and dividing it into new and suitable, chapter heads and sections, the commission to report its, work to the next General Assembly, together with recommendations for eliminating conflicting clauses and provisions, which apply only to obsolete conditions, and which now remain only to encumber the statute books. The Williams bill provides that the commission may employ a clerk, who is an expert in library index work and classification, with such stenographers as expert in library index work and classification, with such stenographers as may be needed; that it be furnished with an office at the Capitol, and provision is made for printing in sections the results of its work for consideration of the new General Assembly. After its adoption as the official Code of Virginia, the new volume is to be printed for the State and copyrighted, and copies sold to other than officials of the government at prices that will repay the State for the outlay both of printing and of the codification.

How Commissioners Are to He Named.

The antitreating bill, which at the last session of the General Assembly a good deal of more or less serious discussion, made its appearance again yesterday, this time with Senator Catron as sponsor. It makes of the uniawful for any person to treat another person in any saloon, dramshop, of tuniawful for any person to treat another person in any saloon, dramshop, of the person in any saloon, dramshop, of the person in any saloon, dramshop, of or other place where intoxicating liquor is sold.

Treating is defined as the giving away of intoxicating beverages in any place where these products are sold at retail. The giving away of intoxicants for scientific, religious or any place where these products are sold at retail. The giving away of intoxicants for scientific, religious or modical purposes is exempted.

Each saloon is required by the bill to display conspicuously a sign with the lettering, Treating Prohibited by the litted that the lettering, Treating Prohibited by the fill and by whom the commission is to be named by the Sulisary for Courts of Justine Count of the subject are before the committees for Courts of Justine Proposes that the commission shall be named.

Williams, patron of the bill in stall be made up of a circuit judge, a defined as the giving away of intoxicating liquor is sold.

Treating is defined as the giving away of intoxicating beverages in any place where these products are sold at retail. The giving away of intoxicating for scientific, religious or moderal purposes that the commission of the will and by the bill into display conspicuously a sign with the display conspicuously a sign with the lettering, Treating Prohibited by the bill to display conspicuously a sign with the lettering, Treating prohibited by the bill and by whom the commission is to be named years and the governor. Another is for a commission to be named by the Sullis proposes that the count of the sullis proposes that the commission to the into commission to the account of the sull sale be made up of a circuit fund the

sensement and collection and the sense law and to suggest such amendment to the Constitution as may be necessary to provide an adequate system of public education.

A new primary bill was offered by R. Browning, of Orange, by request Spatig offerer, I Intrison, Lawis and Spatig offerer, I Intrison

instriction with the State agencies, and bordered in the state agencies, and state of the bank deposit bill:

"I have read with care the views expressed by Governor-Elect Stuart as to the state. The bill was referred to the State. The bill was referred to the State. The bill was referred to the State. The bill was offered in the Senate, and the bill proposed by Mr. Similar bill was offered in the Senate, and the bill proposed by Mr. Jordan, which embodied these views. The seems to me the General Assembly a solid in this matter consider care fully these basic principles:

"It seems to me the General Assembly should in this matter consider care fully these basic principles:

"It seems to me the General Assembly should in this matter consider care fully these basic principles:

"It seems to me the General Assembly a should in this matter consider care fully these basic principles:

"It seems to me the General Assembly a full that I was inclined to think that hank deposits should be taxed lightly or not at all. I expressed the fear that any tax really enforced upon bank deposits would result in a with deposit should be taxed in relation to a general system.

"(2) Not only the inherent equities of the tax itself, but its relative equity compared to other tax subjects.

"(3) The practical difficulties of its assessment and collection and the resultant effect on business.

"(4) The general opinion of all classes of tax payers as to the justice of a particular tax.

"(4) The general opinion of all classes of tax payers as to the justice of a particular tax.

"(4) The general opinion of all classes of tax payers as to the justice of a particular tax.

"(5) The general opinion of all classes of tax payers as to the justice of a particular tax.

"(6) The general opinion of all classes of tax payers as to the justice of a particular tax.

"(7) The general opinion of all classes of tax payers as to the justice of a particular tax.

"(8) The practical difficulties of a particular tax.

"(9) The general opinion of all classes

